Evaluation of postoperative nursing care in pediatric surgery center in al-khansa teaching hospital

Abstract
A descriptive study was conducted throughout the period between the 19th of October 2008 to the 10th of August 2009 in order to evaluate the postoperative Nursing Care in pediatric Surgery Center in Al-khansa’a Teaching Hospital in Mosul City.

The sample of the study included all the nursing staff working in the pediatric Surgery Center (20) nurses.

An open-end question directed to (10) nurses working in the Center to address the nursing procedures carried out to the patient in the Center postoperatively. So, the most common and multitude repetition and important procedures choices (Oxygen administration, Suctioning, Drainage care, Blood or blood product administration).

A special observational tool was constructed to gather data concerning the subject of the study.

The reliability of the study was determined by applying the tool on (6) nurses and Pearson's correlation coefficient, it was (r = 0.84), the content validity of tool is determined through a panel of (14) experts.

The findings of the study indicated that (100%) of nursing staff were males, and (65%) were graduates from nursing colleges. The analysis of variance of study subjects showed no significant differences according to (age, educational level, general experiences, specialized experiences, training sessions), when reviewing the mean scores of the steps for all the procedures, it showed that the basic steps of each nursing procedure were fluctuated among excellent, acceptable and weak with clear tendency to weakness.

The study concluded that there is a negative clue of the feministic feature of the nursing profession, and obvious mishaps or negligence in the nursing care regarding the procedures under study.

The study recommended the necessity to legislate many laws or legislations to enhance the feministic feature of nursing, and necessity to participate in the specialized sessions or courses.